PRESENT SITUATION AS REGARDS INTERNATIONAL ENGAGEMENTS REGISTERED WITH THE SECRETARIAT OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS[1]

I. COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSIT.

CONVENTION REGARDING THE MEASUREMENT OF VESSELS EMPLOYED IN INLAND NAVIGATION, AND PROTOCOL OF SIGNATURE[2]

(Paris, November 27th, 1925.)

Ratifications

AUSTRIA	July 4th, 1927
BELGIUM	July 2nd, 1927
BULGARIA	July 2nd, 1927
FRANCE	July 2nd, 1927
GERMANY	July 2nd, 1927
GREAT BRITAIN and NORTHERN IRELAND	June 14th, 1927
NETHERLANDS	July 2nd, 1927
SPAIN	July 11th, 1927
SWITZERLAND	July 2nd, 1927

II. TRAFFIC IN OPIUM AND OTHER DANGEROUS DRUGS.

SECOND OPIUM CONFERENCE OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

CONVENTION.

(Geneva, February 19th, 1925.)

Ratifications

FRANCE	July 2nd, 1927
POLAND and the FREE CITY OF DANZIG	June 16th, 1927

III. SLAVERY.

SLAVERY CONVENTION.

(Geneva, September 25th, 1926.)

Ratifications

GREAT BRITAIN, INDIA and the DOMINIONS, with the exception of Canada and the Irish Free State	June 18th, 1927
LATVIA	July 9th, 1927

Adhesion

HUNGARY[3]	April 16th, 1927

The present list forms a supplement to the complete list of signatures and ratifications published in the *Official Journal* of November 1926. See also *Official Journal*, December 1926, pages 1599 and 1600; March 1927, pages 287 to 289; May 1927, pages 615 to 617, June 1927, pages 677 and 678.

In accordance with the terms of Article 12, the Convention shall not come into force until it has been ratified by five States. The Convention having been ratified on July 2nd, 1927, by seven States, it will, in accordance with Article 12, come into force ninety days after the date of deposit of the aforesaid seven ratifications.

This adhesion is subject to the following declaration.

[*Translation.*]

" The Royal Hungarian Government expresses, with respect to point (2) of paragraph 2 of Article 5, the opinion that the application of measures of coercion by public authorities against persons who, without legal justification, refuse to fulfil undertakings (duties as domestic servants, agricultural labourers or harvest labourers) entered into by them freely under the civil law, cannot be considered as a measure conducing to conditions analogous to slavery which is prohibited by the present Convention, since in such cases the sole object is to ensure the proper observance of the period of notice which the law requires to be given to the employer or to secure the completion of a task of short duration freely accepted by the workman. "

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IV CUSTOMS FORMALITIES.

International Convention relating to the Simplification of Customs Formalities and Protocol relating thereto.
(Geneva, November 3rd, 1923.)

Ratifications

Greece	July 6th, 1927
Luxemburg	June 10th, 1927

V AMENDMENTS TO THE LABOUR PART OF THE TREATIES OF PEACE.

Protocol relative to an Amendment to Article 393 of the Treaty of Versailles and to the Corresponding Articles of the Other Treaties of Peace.
(Geneva, June 14th, 1923.)

Ratification

Greece	June 8th, 1927

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